Farm Bill Conservation Programs

The voluntary conservation programs included in the Farm Bill are the primary means through which farmers, ranchers, and forest landowners improve wildlife habitat, build soil health, sequester carbon, and improve water quality on their lands. These effective programs help keep working lands productive for producers, wildlife, and local communities throughout the country.

Farm Bill Programs:

- Provide cost-sharing for land management practices
- Conserve environmentally sensitive lands
- Protect agricultural lands and wetlands through voluntary easements
- Foster proactive, locally-led conservation partnerships



In 2015, *almost 9 million acres of wildlife habitat* were improved through NRCS Farm Bill programs.

Rental payments, technical assistance, and landowner cost-share through the Farm Bill's Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) have:

- Increased waterfowl production by ~2 million ducks per year in the Prairie Pothole region
- Restored more than two million acres of wetland systems
- Reduced soil erosion by more than 300 million tons per year
 - Provided landowners with economic stability during shifts in agricultural markets by providing stable source of revenue for participants

Through Farm Bill's *Working Lands for Wildlife (WLFW)* partnership, landowners in 35 states have **enrolled over 6.7 million acres** in conservation practices, such as:



Western Sagebrush Habitat Restoration

 4.4 million acres of sagebrush habitat across 11 states restored and improved between 2010-2014 as part of the NRCS Sage Grouse Initiative. This effort, while focused on Sage Grouse, is also benefiting 350 wildlife species that depend on sagebrush landscape, such as two Species of Concern, Brewer's Sparrow and Green-tailed Towhee.

Landowner-Based Conservation of Lesser Prairie Chicken Habitat

 450 landowners enrolled 1+ million acres across five states (TX, NM, OK, KS, CO) between 2010-2015, benefiting both wildlife and ranchers.

Farm Bill Conservation Programs

Farm Bill Conservation Programs

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The U.S. North American
Bird Conservation
Initiative (NABCI), a
partnership between
government agencies,
NGOs, and bird-focused
partnerships, facilitates
collaborative
partnerships that
advance biological,
social, and scientific
priorities for North
American bird
conservation.

Contact: Judith Scarl Jscarl@fishwildlife.org www.nabci-us.org

Conservation Stewardship Program

The *Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP)* provides opportunities for landowners to participate in landscapelevel conservation efforts that focus on priority species such as the Greater Sage Grouse, Lesser Prairie Chicken, and Monarch Butterfly. Producers *enrolled*



more than 14 million acres of rangeland and pasture in CSP between 2009 and 2013.

Regional Conservation Partnership Program

The 2014 Farm Bill's *Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP)* uses partnerships to leverage conservation investments to meet regional and watershed-wide conservation goals. Partnership programs address diverse conservation needs, such as water quality, *water quantity, at-risk species habitat, air quality, and soil health.*



Easements secured through the 2014 Farm Bill Agricultural Conservation Easement Program conserve key waterfowl habitats throughout the country, including the Mississippi Alluvial Valley, Gulf Coast, Chesapeake Bay watershed, Pacific Northwest, Great Lakes, Prairie Pothole Region, and Central Valley of California.

